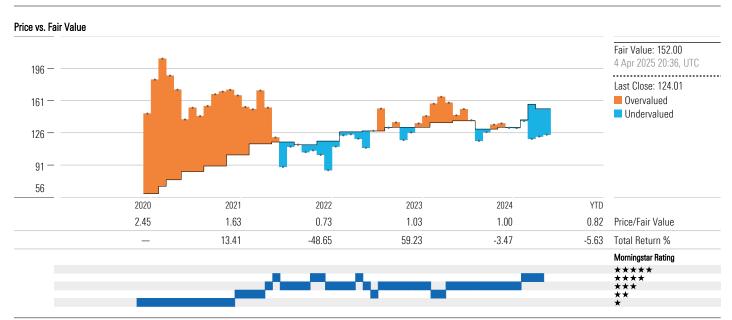
Last Price Price/FVE Economic Moat™ **Equity Style Box** Capital Allocation ESG Risk Rating Assessment¹ Fair Value Estimate Market Cap Uncertainty 77.05 USD Bil Wide (Large Blend High Standard 124.01 USD 152.00 USD 0.82 1 May 2025 2 Apr 2025 05:00, UTC 1 May 2025 4 Apr 2025 20:36, UTC



Total Return % as of 01 May 2025. Last Close as of 01 May 2025. Fair Value as of 4 Apr 2025 20:36, UTC.

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Appendix

Research Methodology for Valuing Companies

Important Disclosure

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The primary analyst covering this company does not own its stock

The ESG Risk Rating Assessment is a representation of Sustainalytics' ESG Risk Rating.

Airbnb Earnings: Despite Near-Term Demand Softness, Prudent Investments Stoke Long-Term Growth

Analyst Note Dan Wasiolek, Senior Equity Analyst, 2 May 2025

Airbnb's first-quarter revenue increased 6%, at the high-end of its 4%-6% guidance, aided by 8% room night growth. Adjusted EBITDA decreased 2% due to prudent product development investments in international alternative accommodation markets and the experiences vertical.

Why it matters: In a cyclical downturn Airbnb's platform could see increased supply and user adoptions, as hosts look for ways to generate incremental income and travelers seek more affordable travel options. Still, its demand will not be immune from pullbacks in spending.

- ▶ While Airbnb's second-quarter revenue growth target of 9%-11% points to resilient global travel demand, the company has seen relatively softer results in the US due to economic uncertainty.
- ▶ Despite the uncertain consumer spending landscape and maintained plans to invest \$200 million to \$250 million in new product verticals this year, Airbnb still sees EBITDA margins of at least 34.5%. This compares with our 34.8% estimate, which we plan to maintain, and 36.4% in 2024.

The bottom line: We don't plan a meaningful change to our \$152 per share fair value estimate. We see shares as undervalued and think the market is overjealous on near-term economic concerns and investment that hinders 2025 margins but will strengthen Airbnb's wide-moat network advantage.

▶ We model stout performance for Airbnb, with our 2025-34 sales growth averaging 11% and EBITDA margins climbing to 42% in 2034 from 36% in 2024.



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Uncertainty High Capital Allocation Standard ESG Risk Rating Assessment

Apr 2025 05:00, UTC

Sector

Industry

Consumer Cyclical

Travel Services

Business Description

Started in 2008, Airbnb is the world's largest online alternative accommodation travel agency; it also offers booking services for boutique hotels and experiences. Airbnb's platform offered over 8 million active accommodation listings as of Dec. 31, 2024. Listings from the company's 5 million-plus hosts are spread over almost every country in the world. In 2024, 45% of revenue was from North America, 37% from Europe, the Middle East, and Africa, 9% from Latin America, and 9% from Asia-Pacific. Transaction fees for online bookings account for all its revenue.

Big picture: Our constructive view of Airbnb's network position is buttressed by its expansion opportunities in international markets and the experiences vertical.

- ► We see Airbnb's communal culture adhering well to offering unique experiences, which we believe can yield over \$10 billion in bookings by the end of this decade, representing a low-single-digit percentage of the global market at that time.
- ► We believe Airbnb can generate tens of billions of dollars in incremental bookings through international vacation rental expansion.

Business Strategy & Outlook Dan Wasiolek, Senior Equity Analyst, 4 Apr 2025

Although waning US consumer sentiment presents a near-term headwind, we think Airbnb's global online travel agency position will strengthen over the next decade, driven by a leading alternative accommodation network (the source of its wide moat) of over 5 million hosts and cumulative 2 billion guest arrivals since its start in 2008. We think this network advantage will be supported by artificial intelligence investment and expansion into experiences and international markets over the next several years. Airbnb is also positioned to benefit from the ongoing shift to mobile bookings: It is a top-10 travel iPhone app in 118 countries, versus 135 for Booking and 23 for Expedia, according to App Annie as of Jan. 20.

Airbnb is prudently investing behind international markets in its core alternative accommodation business, which we expect to drive our forecast for tens of billions in incremental bookings during the next several years. We think Airbnb's expansion in the experiences vertical can produce an additional \$10 billion in bookings by 2030, as its communal culture of individual hosts can offer a unique set of things to do for guests in this \$250 billion market. Further, we see the company as well positioned for AI, since we think search agent products will gravitate toward its leading customer data and the trust that it has built among travelers. We expect Airbnb to continue to invest in leveraging AI across its own platform as well, enhancing the user experience.

Our favorable view of Airbnb's position is not swayed by competitive and regulatory concerns. Airbnb's network would require significant time and expense to replicate, and we expect any entry from Google, Amazon, or others would probably deploy a metasearch model (which doesn't control hotel relationships) versus directly competing against Airbnb's OTA model (which does control hotel relationships). Meanwhile, the company works with local governments to balance the employment and tourism revenue benefits provided by its platform with concerns about the impact on society (resident quality of life), safety (adhering to codes), and economics (cost of living).

Bulls Say Dan Wasiolek, Senior Equity Analyst, 4 Apr 2025

Airbnb's network has reached critical mass, supported by its leading booking share of the alternative accommodation market and ongoing expansion into experiences.



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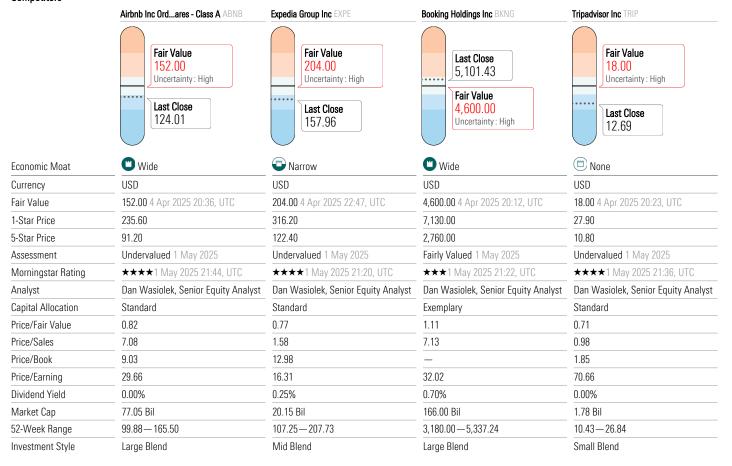
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Competitors



- ▶ Mobile application usage is increasing rapidly, and Airbnb has strong global awareness, which aids its more than 80% of traffic that comes directly and through unpaid searches to its platform.
- ▶ Airbnb stands to benefit from worker flexibility driving higher long-term travel demand, aided by higherincome occupations in fields like technology, finance, legal, and architecture.

Bears Say Dan Wasiolek, Senior Equity Analyst, 4 Apr 2025

- ▶ Booking and Expedia are investing in their US alternative accommodation supply and awareness. Also, Google's continued emphasis on placing its paid ads and metasearch platform ahead of free organic search links could elevate marketing cost for Airbnb.
- ► Alternative accommodations face regulation headwinds around the industry's impact on society, safety, and economics.
- ► Airbnb's core individual host alternative accommodation platform requires higher servicing costs than traditional hotels and other travel verticals.



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Economic Moat Dan Wasiolek, Senior Equity Analyst, 4 Apr 2025

We have a wide-moat-rating for Airbnb due to our view that the company will successfully expand internationally in its core vacation rental market and augment its position with a leading experiences offering. Even in the face of changing dynamics from generative Al and large language models, we have confidence that Airbnb will be able to outearn our cost of capital estimate for the next two decades, underpinned by its strong record of innovation.

Like wide-moat peer Booking Holdings, Airbnb has developed a two-sided marketplace network effect that it is able to effectively monetize, thereby driving a wide economic moat, in our view. Airbnb's network advantage was established as it encouraged the fragmented marketplace of private accommodation owners to post their dwellings (supply side) on the company's platform, which in turn attracted travelers (demand side), subsequently enticing more supply, creating a virtuous cycle that increases value for both new and existing users (hosts and guests).

Airbnb's platform took time to reach a network advantage. In fact, it had to relaunch its platform a few times to generate a critical amount of interest and scale, while resorting to aggressive marketing tactics like door-to-door communication and innovative engineering (links to Craigslist and Google ads that generated free or lower-cost advertising). Even when Airbnb launched its website for a third time in August 2008, it still had only 800 listings with an undisclosed number of bookings. However, continued investment in the platform and word of mouth drove an inflection point, where the network of hosts and guests entered a virtuous cycle. By March 2009, the company had 2,500 listings with 10,000 users, and by the end of 2010, around 700,000 cumulative nights had been booked on Airbnb, reaching 1.6 million in May 2011. Since then, Airbnb's network has continued to expand, reaching over 8 million active listings with more than 2 billion cumulative guest arrivals as of Sept. 30, 2024.

We believe Airbnb's platform hosts the industry's largest number of individual rental owners, which are tough to aggregate given their fragmented nature, driving the supply side of its network advantage. In total, Airbnb's network actively lists more than 8 million alternative accommodations across its 5 million hosts, the majority of which are individuals. Booking Holdings' vacation rental supply is also over 8 million listings, although we estimate around half are property managers versus individual hosts, which are easier to aggregate. Meanwhile, Airbnb's content offering in the vertical sits well ahead of Expedia's more than 2 million listings through its Vrbo brand as well as other much smaller competitors.

Airbnb's rental supply offering has driven strong user metrics, buoying the demand side of its network advantage. Airbnb is a top-10 travel iPhone app in 118 countries, versus 135 for Booking and 23 for Expedia, according to App Annie as of Jan. 20. In 2024, Airbnb's platform saw 489 million rental room night bookings versus more than 1 million at Booking (rental and hotel combined) and 384 million at Expedia (rental and hotel combined). We calculate Airbnb's 2024 alternative accommodation room night



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share amounted to the mid-40s compared with the mid-30s for Booking and 10% for Expedia. In December 2024, 63% of Airbnb's traffic was direct, compared with 50%, 47%, and 37% at peers Booking, Expedia, and MakeMyTrip (India's leading OTA), respectively, showcasing that its platform is resonating with travelers.

Airbnb's large share of the online travel agency market makes it extremely challenging for any smaller competitor or new entrant to gain customer traffic or supplier scale. The ability of Airbnb and its largest peers to spend behind their travel networks aids traffic scale, which further supports their network advantage by allowing them to test and implement platform changes quicker than smaller competitors, leading to an improved user experience and conversion.

Although its revenue reached 231% of 2019's level in 2024 versus 149% for the vacation rental industry, as cited by Euromonitor, Airbnb plans to invest in expanding its international vacation rental and experiences offering, which we see as supportive of its network advantage. Currently, Airbnb's top five countries represent three fourths of its total bookings. The company believes it can bring many other countries to similar penetration rates over the next several years, supporting our forecast for tens of billions in incremental bookings through the end of this decade from its international markets. Brazil offers confidence that Airbnb can expand its user base globally, as the country's nights booked is 3 times the prepandemic level, thanks to increased supply, awareness, and local payment offerings.

Airbnb also plans to launch a few travel-related verticals over the next few years, starting with experiences in 2025. We think Airbnb's communal culture is a good fit to offer unique experiences, which we believe can yield over \$10 billion in bookings by the end of this decade, representing a low-single-digit percentage of the global market at that time. This will strengthen the company's network edge.

Our constructive view of Airbnb's network position is not swayed by the potential risk of generative AI bypassing the online travel company's platform. Although LLMs like OpenAI and Gemini will increasingly have the capability to quickly return relevant travel content information to users, we think the content these generative AI search products draw upon will be owned by either the direct supplier or aggregated platforms like Airbnb, which have accumulated an amount of customer travel data that is hard for others to produce. In our view, this customer data is essential to unlocking the promise of more customized offerings and generating bookings in an AI world. Further, we believe that the alternative accommodation vertical is particularly protected from the potential threat of mass market AI/LLMs search products driving bookings directly to large brand suppliers, since this vertical is heavily fragmented and individually owned, unlike US hotels where over 70% of rooms are part of a brand. So while ChatGPT and Gemini are positioned to cannibalize traditional searches previously done on engines like Google and Bing, they are still likely to direct users toward the operators that own the information and networks, resulting in bookings still occurring on Airbnb's platform.



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Also, Airbnb's commitment to develop leading innovation will serve it well as it leverages its customer data and pristine financial position to train large language models for specific use cases across its platform. Airbnb is already using Al to provide customized search results for travelers and pricing recommendations to its hosts. Al is also being used to do background checks on guests and hosts to reduce discrimination and wrongdoing. Further, Airbnb is using Al to analyze the quality and accuracy of reviews and listing descriptions. Operationally, Al is helping engineers develop products quicker while automating customer service functions, which can lead to cost and innovation improvements. Looking to the future, the firm acquired GamePlanner.Al in 2024 to develop an adaptive, highly personalized Al interface that Airbnb CEO Brian Chesky describes as "the ultimate concierge." With about \$13 billion in estimated 2025-29 free cash flow to the firm, a debt/EBITDA ratio below 1 times, and leading consumer data, Airbnb is in the pole position to one day have generative Al anticipate the needs of its users based on past interactions, supporting its network edge, in our view.

Fair Value and Profit Drivers Dan Wasiolek, Senior Equity Analyst, 4 Apr 2025

We have reduced our fair value estimate to \$152 per share from \$157, due to lower 2025 revenue growth from slower travel demand. Our fair value estimate implies a 2025 enterprise value/adjusted EBITDA multiple of 21 times.

Airbnb demand, which has led the travel industry's recovery from the depths of the pandemic in April 2020, is beginning to moderate after the company experienced a robust recovery, with its 2022 bookings reaching 167% of 2019's level. Even after the strong rebound from the pandemic in 2022, Airbnb's 2023 bookings grew 16%.

Fourth-quarter 2024 sales growth of 12% was ahead of our 9% estimate, and nights booked growth of 12% was ahead of our 9.5% estimate, driven by strength in the travel industry and investment behind building out supply and awareness in international markets. Airbnb's 2024 EBITDA margin came in at 36% versus our 35.5% forecast, with upside driven by operational and cost of goods leverage. We think Al can help leverage these line items nearly 200 basis points combined during the next 10 years, while technology and marketing expense starts to leverage beyond 2025.

That said, US consumer sentiment dropped for a third straight month in March to the lowest level since November 2022, as expectations for personal finances, unemployment, and inflation deteriorated, according to the University of Michigan. Recent softening in US consumer sentiment is likely to continue at least in the near term after President Donald Trump's April 2 announcement of a 10% baseline tariff on all imports, with select countries facing higher tariffs. As a result, we have reduced our 2025 revenue growth estimate to 5% from 10%.

Our bookings growth forecast is for 11% average annual growth during 2025-34, aided by expansion



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into experiences, further penetration in international markets, insurance, promoted listing offerings, and share gains in its core alternative accommodation business. We see Airbnb leveraging near-term platform investments over the intermediate to longer term. We see 2034 EBITDA margin at 42%. We forecast operation and support costs as a percentage of revenue to stand at 10.7% in 2034 versus 17% in the prepandemic year of 2019, as near-term trust and safety investments wane and generative Al customer service drives savings long term. We also expect Al to aid product development expense, which we estimate at 10.8% of revenue in 2034 versus the 20% posted in 2019, which was a heavier investment year (2018's product development as a percentage of sales was 15.9%). Further, we expect Airbnb to lower marketing expense to 15.5% of revenue in 2034 from 34% in 2019 (2019 was a heavier investment year, with 2018 marketing costs at 30% of sales), as the company benefits from strong global awareness and a more complete platform offering long term.

As a result, we estimate Airbnb's revenue growth to average 11% over the next 10 years, with operating margin still expanding to 35.1% in 2034 from negative 17% in 2020 (before stock-based compensation) and 10% in 2019.

Risk and Uncertainty Dan Wasiolek, Senior Equity Analyst, 4 Apr 2025

Airbnb's Morningstar Uncertainty Rating is High.

The spread of covid represented a material headwind to travel demand in 2020, driving Airbnb's revenue down 30% in 2020. But even before the pandemic, the travel industry has been cyclical and affected by changes in economic growth. Additionally, terrorist attacks can lead to a near-term disruption in bookings. Moreover, potential European "gatekeeper" regulation could affect the competitive positioning of Airbnb and Booking. Changes to the innovation and lodging tax policy could lift tax provisions and working capital. Further, directors, executives, and 5%-plus stockholders combined have 90% voting control, which could hinder the ability of individual shareholders to effect operational change.

Airbnb's core alternative accommodation market faces opposition concerned with the industry's impact on society (resident quality of life), safety (adhering to codes), and economics (cost of living). Regulation could entail guests and hosts sharing information with cities, having hosts register for a license to list on alternative accommodation platforms, limiting the amount of days a unit can be rented, and requiring units to meet safety standards. Further, Airbnb faces environmental, social, and governance risks around innovative tax code changes, data breaches, and potential fees should its platform be viewed as anticompetitive.

Focused entry from Google, Amazon, Alibaba, and Facebook and accelerated investment by Booking and Expedia could have a meaningful impact on Airbnb's growth.

Capital Allocation Dan Wasiolek, Senior Equity Analyst, 4 Apr 2025



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Uncertainty High **Capital Allocation** Standard ESG Risk Rating Assessment¹

2 Apr 2025 05:00, UTC

Although we see Airbnb's balance sheet as sound, we view its investment strategy and shareholder distribution as fair, resulting in a Standard Morningstar Capital Allocation Rating.

Airbnb's balance sheet remains sound, given the company's medium revenue cyclicality and operating leverage. Further, we see plenty of financial flexibility as we forecast Airbnb to retain a net cash position for the foreseeable future. Its existing 0% convertible debt of roughly \$2 billion is not scheduled to mature until 2026, which we see as very manageable, given our expectation for \$13 billion in free cash flow generation for the firm during 2025-29.

We hold a fair view on Airbnb's investment strategy. We like that the company is investing in building out its advantaged alternative accommodation. We applaud Airbnb's biannual innovation updates, which add guest and hosting tools, leading to an improved network experience. Leadership has made wise improvements to its mobile app, via adding flexible date and location search capability, which we think matches the industry's evolving landscape of enduring remote working conditions. Also, Airbnb is investing behind pricing tools, which should enhance the value proposition for both users and hosts. Additionally, Airbnb is integrating artificial intelligence on its platform, which we think will further enhance the network experience. We believe Airbnb's prudent investments in expanding its international vacation rental presence and relaunching experiences in 2025 will provide incremental sales and profits during the next decade. Management has done well to turn what was an inefficient cost structure before covid into a lean model, removing meaningful marketing expense while still maintaining strong sales. This execution is supporting Airbnb's ability to reinvest in product innovation, buttressing its network advantage.

While Airbnb's founders deserve credit for building an industry-leading vacation rental platform, our fair view of management's investment capability is balanced by the company's beginnings having benefited from favorable timing and its leadership continuing to advance along a learning curve. Technology advancement opened an opportunity to improve the user experience that existed in the online alternative accommodation space at the time when Airbnb was established. For instance, Amazon Web Services (launched in 2006) allowed the founders to outsource data center processing needs at a lower cost than it would have been to build, enabling them to focus time and capital on the user experience. Additionally, the launch of the iPhone in 2007 began to allow for accessible search of places across the world at any moment, helping drive Airbnb's mobile platform and expand the marketplace. The timing was also right for the Airbnb concept from an economic and demographic standpoint. Coming out of the Great Recession, people were looking for cheaper travel options and ways to generate income, which room-sharing on Airbnb's platform offered. Also, millennials were seeking an alternative to the commoditized nature of many hotels, preferring to experience the local culture of a destination, which was provided by the neighborhood-hosted listings on Airbnb's network.

We think management could have benefited from making more proactive versus reactive investments in regulatory and safety safeguards. As detailed in Leigh Gallagher's book "The Airbnb Story," the founders



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received business training from investors during the company's early establishment years, which guided the young entrepreneurs to reach out to the platform's users (arguably something they could have been doing more of initially), allowing them to use their skill sets and build an improved user experience. Also, one could argue that the founders lacked a full understanding of the market environment, as an Airbnb host was the one who notified the company of New York's anti-room-sharing legislation in 2010. Having an upfront understanding of affordability issues that often framed anti-room-sharing laws across cities throughout the world could have allowed the company to partner earlier with local governments and develop legislation more favorable to the accommodations platform operator.

Finally, we see Airbnb's shareholder distributions as appropriate. The company refrains from paying dividends (something growth companies in growth industries tend to shy away from, given the opportunity to invest into growth prospects). Airbnb started repurchasing shares in 2022, which we view as prudent when occurring at discount to our intrinsic valuation, given the strong demand recovery and cash flow generation since the pandemic.

Analyst Notes Archive

Tariff Impact Causes Us to Reduce Online Travel Fair Value Estimates by 3%-4% Dan

Wasiolek, Senior Equity Analyst, 4 Apr 2025

Shares of our online travel coverage dropped 5%-9% on April 3 after President Donald Trump announced a 10% baseline tariff on all imports, with select countries facing higher tariffs. Why it matters: Tariffs are likely to hurt travel demand due to a weaker economic outlook, which had already been evidenced by a recent softening in US consumer sentiment. The Index of Consumer Sentiment dropped for a third consecutive month in March, to its lowest level since November 2022, as expectations for personal finances, unemployment, and inflation deteriorated, according to the University of Michigan. US travel demand growth has outstripped GDP, with revenue per available room increasing an average of 3.3% versus 2.4% for GDP during 1988-2019. But it is not immune from economic slowdowns, as shown in revPAR dropping 2% in 2008 amid a slight GDP decline. The bottom line: We cut our fair value estimates for the online travel companies by 3%-4%, to \$4,600 for wide-moat Booking, \$152 for wide-moat Airbnb, \$204 for narrow-moat Expedia, and \$18 for no-moat Tripadvisor. Of these, we highlight Airbnb, which trades in 4-star territory. We think investors are discounting Airbnb's network advantage, which we see driving strong international alternative accommodation and experience bookings, leading to 11% revenue growth on average during 2026-34. Our updated revenue growth outlook for 2025 is 3.5% for Booking (versus 8% previously), 5% for Airbnb (10%), 3% for Expedia (6%), and 4% for Tripadvisor (6%).

Airbnb: Upgrading Moat Rating to Wide on Robust Network and AI Position Dan Wasiolek, Senior Equity Analyst, 11 Mar 2025



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We have upgraded our moat rating for Airbnb to wide from narrow, driven by a strengthening network advantage and our view that the company is well positioned for artificial intelligence. As a result, we have increased our fair value estimate to \$157 per share from \$140. We see the shares as undervalued. We think Airbnb's leading online travel platform will continue to flourish, helped by its expansion into international alternative accommodations. Currently, Airbnb's top five countries represent three fourths of its total bookings; the company believes it can bring many other countries to similar penetration rates over the next several years, supporting our forecast for tens of billions of dollars in incremental bookings through the end of this decade from international markets. Airbnb's experience in Brazil offers confidence that the company can successfully expand its user base globally, as nights booked in the country are 3 times the prepandemic level thanks to increased supply, awareness, and local payment offerings. Our constructive view of Airbnb's network position is also buttressed by its launch into experiences. Here, we see Airbnb's communal culture adhering well to offering unique experiences, which we believe can yield over \$10 billion in bookings by the end of this decade, representing a low-single-digit percentage of the global market at that time. We expect that Al search products will draw upon data owned by either the direct suppliers or aggregated platforms like Airbnb, which have accumulated an amount of customer travel data that is hard for others to produce. Further, we believe that the alternative accommodation industry is particularly protected from the potential threat of mass-market Al/large language model search products driving bookings directly to large brand suppliers, given that it is heavily fragmented and individually owned, unlike US hotels, where over 70% of rooms are part of a brand.

Airbnb Earnings: Expansion in International and Experience Markets Can Endure Strong Booking Growth Dan Wasiolek, Senior Equity Analyst, 14 Feb 2025

Airbnb shares increased 14% during Feb. 13 after-hours trading after it reported fourth-quarter sales growth of 12%, ahead of our 9% estimate. We plan to increase our \$132 per share fair value estimate by a mid-single-digit percentage to account for upside in the quarter and stronger intermediate-term profitability. We continue to expect Airbnb's network advantage, source of its narrow-moat rating, will strengthen during the next several years, driven by expansion in its core vacation rental international business and relaunch of experiences later this year. While shares are slightly overvalued, we wouldn't need much discount to our valuation to recommend shares of this high-quality company. Nights booked increased 12%, ahead of our 9.5% estimate, driven by strength in the travel industry (hotel and online travel peers have also reported strong results) and investment behind building out supply and awareness in international markets. Encouragingly, Airbnb noted that nights booked in these expansion markets grew twice the rate of its core markets. This instills confidence in our forecast for international markets to add tens of billions in bookings over the next several years. Additionally, Airbnb plans to relaunch experiences later this year, which we believe can produce about \$10 billion in bookings by 2030, given the market's size of about \$200 billion and view that the company's communal culture



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adheres well to hosts offering a unique set of things to do. We plan to maintain our 11% average bookings growth estimate for the company during the next 10 years. Airbnb's 2024 EBITDA margins came in at 36% versus our 35.5% forecast, with upside driven by operational and cost of goods leverage. We think artificial intelligence can help leverage these line items nearly 200 basis points combined during the next 10 years, while technology and marketing expense starts to leverage beyond 2025. We now see 2030 EBITDA margins between 40%-41% versus 39.5% previously.

Airbnb: Ready for AI, Given Its Ownership of Vast Customer Data and Ongoing Innovation Dan Wasiolek, Senior Equity Analyst, 3 Feb 2025

Our constructive view of Airbnb's network position (source of its narrow moat) is not swayed by the potential risk of generative artificial intelligence bypassing the online travel company's platform. We aren't blind to the fact that large language models will increasingly have the capability to quickly return relevant travel content information to a user. However, we think that either the direct supplier or aggregated platforms like Airbnb will own the content these generative-Al search products draw upon. In our view, this customer data is essential to unlocking the promise of more-customized offerings and generating bookings in an Al world. Moreover, we believe that the alternative accommodation niche is particularly protected from the potential threat of mass-market AI/LLMs search products, driving bookings directly to large-brand suppliers. This specialized market is heavily fragmented and individually owned, unlike US hotels, where more than 70% of rooms are part of a brand. Also, Airbnb's steadfast commitment to develop leading innovation will serve it well as it leverages its stout customer data and pristine financial position to train large language models for specific use cases across its platform. To this point, Airbnb is already using AI to provide customized search results for travelers and pricing recommendations to its hosts. Ali s also being used to do background checks on quests and hosts to reduce discrimination and wrongdoing. Further, Airbnb is using AI to analyze the quality and accuracy of reviews and listing descriptions. Operationally, Al is helping engineers to develop products quicker, while automating customer service functions, which can lead to cost and innovation improvements. We are maintaining our \$132 per share valuation and wouldn't need much of a discount to our fair value estimate to recommend shares of this high-quality network-advantaged company.

Airbnb Earnings: Near-Term Demand Solid and Long-Term Opportunity Exciting Dan Wasiolek, Senior Equity Analyst, 8 Nov 2024

We plan to increase our \$130 per share fair value estimate for narrow-moat Airbnb by a low-single-digit percentage to account for slightly higher near-term sales and the time value of money. After viewing the last quarter's share pullback as an investment opportunity, we now see shares as slightly overvalued after the 30% appreciation since early August. That said, we wouldn't need much discount to our valuation to recommend shares of this high-quality network-advantaged company with attractive growth drivers that should allow it to drive low-double-digit sales growth for the foreseeable



Last Price124.01 USD
1 May 2025

Fair Value Estimate 152.00 USD 4 Apr 2025 20:36, UTC Price/FVE 0.82 Market Cap 77.05 USD Bil 1 May 2025 Economic Moat™
Wide

Equity Style Box
Large Blend

Uncertainty High Capital Allocation Standard ESG Risk Rating Assessment¹
(1) (1) (1) (1)
2 Apr 2025 05:00, UTC

future.Revenue and bookings increased 10%, just edging our 9% estimates. The slight upside was driven by nights booked growing 8% versus our 7% forecast. Encouragingly, nights booked growth accelerated throughout the quarter and into the fourth quarter. Airbnb expects its fourth-quarter lift to exceed the third-quarter result. As a result, we plan to lift our 2024 and 2025 sales growth estimates toward 11% and 10% from 10.4% and 8.6% previously and continue to expect low-double-digit annual increases during the next several years. The attractive growth opportunities Airbnb is presenting in expanding its core business globally and developing new markets like experiences are stoking our long-term enthusiasm. In fact, Airbnb's top five countries represent three-fourths of its total bookings, and the company believes it can bring many other countries to similar penetration rates over the next several years, supporting our long-term revenue forecast. Brazil offers confidence that Airbnb can successfully expand its user base globally, as the country's nights booked is three times the prepandemic level, due to increased supply, awareness, and local payment offerings. Meanwhile, we think Airbnb's communal culture adheres well to offering a unique experiences platform starting in 2025, which we believe can yield over \$10 billion in booking by the end of this decade.

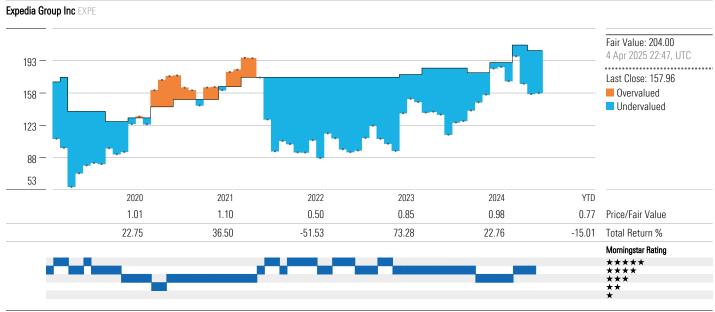
Airbnb Earnings: Overzealous Selloff on Softer Near-Term Demand Presents an Investment Opportunity Dan Wasiolek, Senior Equity Analyst, 7 Aug 2024

Shares of narrow-moat Airbnb traded down 14% during Aug. 7 trading, as signs of a more discerning consumer led to weaker third-quarter guidance. We have reduced our 2024-25 sales estimates, leading to our change in our \$139 per share fair value estimate to \$130. We view the pullback as an opportunity for investors to own a high-quality network-advantaged company with attractive growth drivers that can continue to drive low-double-digit sales growth beyond 2025. With second-quarter 11% sales growth (driven by 9% volume and 2% rate increases) in line with expectations, investors turned to Airbnb's third-quarter revenue guidance for 8%-10% growth, which trailed our 13% forecast. With sales growth normalizing to 2019's level during the first half of the year, the company noted that its booking window begun to shorten in July, which reduces visibility on demand and places increased importance on last minute bookings. But we see reasons for investors to look past the slowdown. First, no other travel operator has experienced the magnitude of recovery as Airbnb, and as such, some moderation in demand should be expected. In this vein, Airbnb's second-quarter room nights were a stout 149% of 2019's level. Second, while Airbnb is not immune to near-term cyclicality, its demand doesn't appear to be falling off a cliff. To this point, rates are still projected to grow in the third quarter, as travelers are booking higher-priced homes, implying that they're not trading down. Also, its third-quarter guidance implies around a 7% increase in room nights, representing around 140% of 2019's level. Additionally, long-term stays of 28 days or more remain stable at 17% of total nights, and last-minute bookings remain strong, signaling healthy demand. But even in the context of a near-term macro-induced slowdown, investors should focus on the intermediate-term positioning of the company, which remains

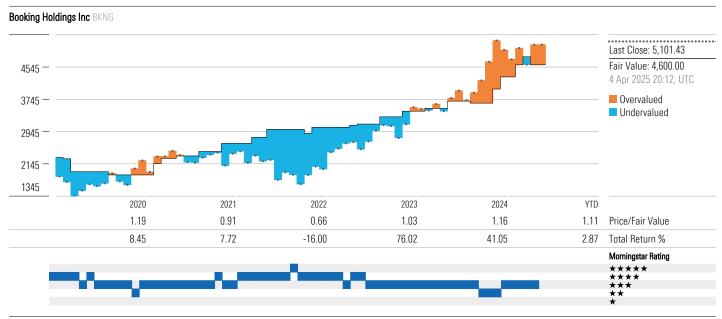


quite strong. III

Competitors Price vs. Fair Value



Total Return % as of 01 May 2025. Last Close as of 01 May 2025. Fair Value as of 4 Apr 2025 22:47, UTC

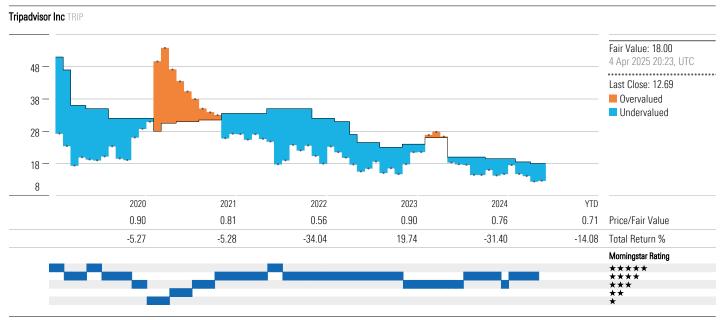


Total Return % as of 01 May 2025. Last Close as of 01 May 2025. Fair Value as of 4 Apr 2025 20:12, UTC.



Airbnb Inc Ordinary Shares - Class A ABNB $\star\star\star\star$ 1 May 2025 21:44, UTC

Competitors Price vs. Fair Value



Total Return % as of 01 May 2025. Last Close as of 01 May 2025. Fair Value as of 4 Apr 2025 20:23, UTC.



Last Price124.01 USD
1 May 2025

152.00 USD 4 Apr 2025 20:36, UTC Price/FVE 0.82 Market Cap 77.05 USD Bil 1 May 2025 Economic Moat™
Wide

Equity Style Box
Large Blend

Uncertainty High Capital Allocation Standard ESG Risk Rating Assessment¹
(1) (1) (1) (1)
2 Apr 2025 05:00, UTC

| , | Actual | | | Forecast | | | | | |
|------|--|--|--------------|--|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| - | 2022 | 2023 | 2024 | 2025 | 2026 | 2027 | 2028 | 2029 | |
| | 8,399 | 9,917 | 11,102 | 11,678 | 12,941 | 14,494 | 16,233 | 18,100 | |
| | 1,891 | 1,518 | 2,553 | 2,568 | 3,140 | 3,840 | 4,634 | 5,482 | |
| | 1,883 | 1,562 | 2,618 | 2,615 | 3,192 | 3,898 | 4,699 | 5,555 | |
| | 2,903 | 3,653 | 4,041 | 4,064 | 4,685 | 5,435 | 6,282 | 7,186 | |
| | | | 2,648 | | | | | | |
| | | 4,792 | 2,648 | 2,614 | 3,097 | 3,604 | 4,238 | 4,900 | |
| | | 634 | 3.881 | 1.893 | 1.981 | 2.336 | 2.853 | 3.443 | |
| | | | | | • | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| | | 0.00 | 0.00 | | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | |
| | | 2023 | 2024 | | 2026 | 2027 | 2028 | 2029 | 5 Year Avg |
| 19.9 | 22.5 | 15.3 | 23.0 | 22.0 | 24.3 | 26.5 | 28.5 | 30.3 | 26.3 |
| _ | 22.4 | 15.8 | 23.6 | 22.4 | 24.7 | 26.9 | 28.9 | 30.7 | _ |
| | 34.6 | 36.8 | 36.4 | 34.8 | 36.2 | 37.5 | 38.7 | 39.7 | 37.4 |
| | | 48.3 | | | | | | | 24.9 |
| | | | | | | | | | 24.9 |
| | | 6.4 | 35.0 | 16.2 | 15.3 | 16.1 | 17.6 | 19.0 | 16.9 |
| | | | | Forecast | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | 5 Year CAGR |
| | | | | | | | | | 10.3 16.5 |
| | | | | | | | | | 16.6 |
| | | | | | | | | | 12.2 |
| | | | | | | | | | 15.8 |
| _ | | | -43.3 | 1.1 | 20.7 | | 20.6 | | 15.8 |
| | | | | Forecast | | | | | |
| | 2022 | 2023 | 2024 | 2025 | 2026 | 2027 | 2028 | 2029 | |
| | 30.8 | 18.8 | 32.0 | 29.9 | 24.8 | 20.9 | 17.3 | 14.5 | |
| | 6.4 | 8.8 | 7.4 | 6.6 | 6.0 | 5.3 | 4.7 | 4.3 | |
| | 10.5 | 11.0 | 10.1 | 8.2 | 6.9 | 5.9 | 5.3 | 4.8 | |
| | | _ | | | _ | | | _ | |
| | 16.1 | | | | | | 10.9 | | |
| | | 51.8 | 28.5 | 26.8 | 21.9 | 17.9 | 14.8 | | |
| | | _ | _ | | _ | _ | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| | Actual | | | Forecast | | | | | |
| | | วกวา | 2024 | 2025 | 2026 | 2027 | 2028 | 2029 | |
| | 2022 | 2023 | 2024 | 2023 | | | | | |
| | | 2023 23.2 | | | | | | | |
| | 2022 11.8 34.1 | 23.2 58.7 | 12.6 31.5 | 11.6 27.4 | 12.2 27.8 | 12.7 28.3 | 14.5 30.3 | 15.3 33.0 | |
| | 3 Year Avg 19.9 —————————————————————————————————— | 8,399 1,891 1,893 1,893 1,893 1,893 1,893 1,893 1,893 1,684 680 2,78 2,78 0,00 Actual 3 Year Avg 19.9 22.5 2.1 22.4 | 2022 2023 | 2022 2023 2024 8,399 9,917 11,102 1,891 1,518 2,553 1,883 1,562 2,618 2,903 3,653 4,041 2,903 3,653 4,041 1,893 4,792 2,648 1,893 4,792 2,648 1,893 4,792 2,648 1,893 4,792 2,648 1,893 4,792 2,648 2,78 7,24 4,11 3,79 2023 2024 3,15 22,5 48,3 23,8 3,15 22,5 48,3 23,8 3,15 22,5 48,3 23,8 3,15 22,5 48,3 23,8 3,15 22,5 48,3 23,8 3,15 22,5 48,3 23,8 3,15 22,5 48,3 23,8 3,16 22,5 48,3 23,8 | | | | | |



| Last Price 124.01 USD 1 May 2025 | Fair Value Estimate 152.00 USD 4 Apr 2025 20:36, UTC | Price/FVE 0.82 | Market Cap 77.05 USD 1 May 2025 | _ | omic Moat™ Vide | Equity Style Box Large Blend | | Incertainty High | Capital Allocation Standard | ESG Risk Rating Assessme (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) 2 Apr 2025 05:00, UTC | |) |
|---|--|-------------------|--|--|---------------------------|-------------------------------|---------------|----------------------------|--------------------------------|--|--------|-----------------------------|
| Financial Leverage (Reporting Currency) | | | | Actual | | | Forecast | | | | | |
| Fiscal Year, ends 31 D |)ec | | | 2022 | 2023 | 2024 | 2025 | 2026 | 2027 | 2028 | 2029 | |
| Debt/Capital % | | | | 4.2 | 2.6 | 2.7 | 1.9 | 1.8 | 1.7 | 0.0 | 0.0 | |
| Assets/Equity | | | | 2.9 | 2.5 | 2.5 | 2.4 | 2.3 | 2.2 | 2.1 | 2.1 | |
| Net Debt/EBITDA | | | | -3.9 | -5.0 | -3.2 | -3.1 | -3.1 | -3.1 | -2.9 | -2.6 | |
| Total Debt/EBITDA | . 5 | | | 0.8 | 0.6 | 0.6 | 0.5 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 0.0 | 0.0 | |
| EBITDA/ Net Interes | <u>'</u> | | | -15.5 | -6.3 | -5.2 | -5.5 | -6.0 | -7.0 | -7.9 | -9.0 | |
| Forecast Revisions | as of 4 Apr 2025 | | | 2025 | | | 2026 | | 2027 | | | |
| Prior data as of 11 Ma | | | | Curre | | Prior | Cur | rent | Prior | Curre | ent | Prior |
| Fair Value Estimate | Change (Trading Curren | cy) | | 152.0 | 10 | 156.52 | _ | | | _ | | |
| Revenue (USD Mil) | | | | 11,67 | 8 | 12,193 | 12, | 941 | 13,473 | 14,4 | 94 | 15,090 |
| Operating Income (U | USD Mil) | | | 2,56 | 8 | 2,782 | 3, | 140 | 3,331 | 3,8 | 40 | 4,061 |
| EBITDA (USD Mil) | | | | 4,064 | | 4,280 | 4, | 685 | 4,877 | 5,4 | 35 | 5,659 |
| Net Income (USD M | lil) | | | 2,61 | 4 | 2,782 | 3, | 097 | 3,247 | 3,6 | 04 | 3,776 |
| Earnings Per Share | (Diluted) (USD) | | | 4.1 | 5 | 4.42 | į | 5.01 | 5.25 | 5. | 94 | 6.22 |
| Adjusted Earnings F | Per Share (Diluted) (USD |) | | 4.1 | 5 | 4.42 | į | 5.01 | 5.25 | 5. | 94 | 6.22 |
| Dividends Per Share | Dividends Per Share (USD) | | | 0.00 | | 0.00 | (| 0.00 | 0.00 | 0. | 00 | 0.00 |
| Key Valuation Driv | ers as of 04 Apr 2025 | | | Discounted Cash | ı Flow Val | uation as o | f 04 Apr 2025 | | | | | |
| Cost of Equity % Pre-Tax Cost of Deb | | | 9.0 5.8 8.9 | Present Value Sta | | | | | | | | USD Mil 21,562 25,004 |
| 0 0 1 | | | 21.0 | Present Value Stage II Present Value Stage III | | | | | | | 38,409 | |
| Stage II EBI Growth Rate % 7.5 | | | Total Firm Value | | | | | | | | 84,975 | |
| Stage II Investment | | | 25.9 | | | | | | | | | 0.,070 |
| Perpetuity Year | | | 20 | Cash and Equival | ents | | | | | | | 10,611 |
| Additional estimates and sce | Additional estimates and scenarios available for download at https://pitchbook.com/. | | | Debt | | | | | | | | 1,995 |
| | | | | Other Adjustments | | | | | | | -1,088 | |
| | | | | Equity Value | | | | | | | | 92,502 |
| | | | | Projected Diluted | Shares | | | | | | | 624 |

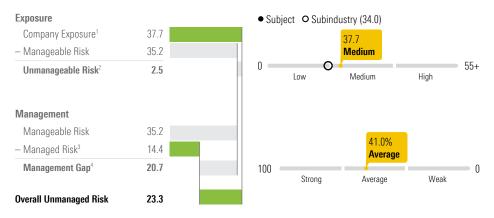
Fair Value per Share (USD)



152.00

Last Price Fair Value Estimate Price/FVE Market Cap Economic Moat™ **Equity Style Box Capital Allocation** ESG Risk Rating Assessment¹ Uncertainty 77.05 USD Bil Wide (Large Blend High Standard 124.01 USD 152.00 USD 0.82 1 May 2025 2 Apr 2025 05:00, UTC 1 May 2025 4 Apr 2025 20:36, UTC

ESG Risk Rating Breakdown



 Exposure represents a company's vulnerability to ESG risks driven by their business model

- ► Exposure is assessed at the Subindustry level and then specified at the company level
- ➤ Scoring ranges from 0-55+ with categories of low, medium, and high-risk exposure
- ► Management measures a company's ability to manage ESG risks through its commitments and actions
- Management assesses a company's efficiency on ESG programs, practices, and policies
- Management score ranges from 0-100% showing how much manageable risk a company is managing

ESG Risk Rating Assessment⁵



ESG Risk Rating is of Apr 02, 2025. Highest Controversy Level is as of Apr 08, 2025. Sustainalytics Subindustry: Internet Software and Services. Sustainalytics provides Morningstar with company ESG ratings and metrics on a monthly basis and as such, the ratings in Morningstar may not necessarily reflect current Sustainalytics' scores for the company. For the most up to date rating and more information, please visit: sustainalytics.com/esg-ratings/.



ESG Risk Ratings measure the degree to which a company's value is impacted by environmental, social, and governance risks, by evaluating the company's ability to manage the ESG risks it faces.

1. A company's Exposure to material ESG issues 2. Unmanageable Risk refers to risks that are inherent to a particular business model that cannot be managed by programs or initiatives 3. Managed Risk = Manageable Risk multiplied by a Management score of 41.0% 4. Management Gap assesses risks that are not managed, but are considered manageable 5. ESG Risk Rating Assessment = Overall Unmanaged Risk = Management Gap plus Unmanageable Risk

| Peer Analysis 02 Apr 2025 | Peers are selected f | Peers are selected from the company's Sustainalytics-defined Subindustry and are displayed based on the closest market cap values | | | | | | |
|---------------------------|----------------------|---|----------------|---------|-----------------|---------|--|--|
| Company Name | Exposure | | Management | | ESG Risk Rating | | | |
| Airbnb Inc | 37.7 Medium | 0 55+ | 41.0 Average | 100 0 | 23.3 Medium | 0 | | |
| Expedia Group Inc | 41.3 Medium | 0 — 55+ | 52.0 Strong | 100 0 | 21.4 Medium | 0 — 40+ | | |
| Booking Holdings Inc | 33.3 Low | 0 — 55+ | 59.7 Strong | 100 0 | 14.8 Low | 0 — 40+ | | |
| Web Travel Group Ltd | 39.4 Medium | 0 55+ | 50.6 Strong | 100 0 | 20.9 Medium | 0 — 40+ | | |
| Tripadvisor Inc | 42.1 Medium | 0 55+ | 37.6 Average | 100 — 0 | 27.4 Medium | 0 — 40+ | | |



Appendix

Historical Morningstar Rating

| Airbnb Inc C | Ordinary Shares | s - Class A ABN | NB 1 May 2025 2 | 21:44, UTC | | | | | | | |
|--------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|------------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| Dec 2025 | Nov 2025 | Oct 2025 | Sep 2025 | Aug 2025 | Jul 2025 | Jun 2025 | May 2025 | Apr 2025 | Mar 2025 | Feb 2025 | Jan 2025 |
| — | — | — | — | — | — | — | ★★★ | ★★★ | ★★★ | ★★★ | ★★★ |
| Dec 2024 | Nov 2024 | 0ct 2024 | Sep 2024 | Aug 2024 | Jul 2024 | Jun 2024 | May 2024 | Apr 2024 | Mar 2024 | Feb 2024 | Jan 2024 |
| ★★★ | ★★★ | ★★★ | ★★★ | ★★★ | ★★★ | ★★★ | ★★★ | ★★ | ★★ | ★★★ | ★★★ |
| Dec 2023 | Nov 2023 | 0ct 2023 | Sep 2023 | Aug 2023 | Jul 2023 | Jun 2023 | May 2023 | Apr 2023 | Mar 2023 | Feb 2023 | Jan 2023 |
| ★★★ | ★★★ | ★★★ | ★★★ | ★★★ | ★★ | ★★★ | ★★★ | ★★★ | ★★★ | ★★★ | ★★★ |
| Dec 2022 | Nov 2022 | 0ct 2022 | Sep 2022 | Aug 2022 | Jul 2022 | Jun 2022 | May 2022 | Apr 2022 | Mar 2022 | Feb 2022 | Jan 2022 |
| ★★★★ | ★★★★ | ★★★ | ★★★ | ★★★ | ★★★ | ★★★★ | ★★★ | ★★ | ★★ | ★★ | ★★ |
| Dec 2021 | Nov 2021 | 0ct 2021 | Sep 2021 | Aug 2021 | Jul 2021 | Jun 2021 | May 2021 | Apr 2021 | Mar 2021 | Feb 2021 | Jan 2021 |
| ★ | ★ | ★ | ★ | ★ | ★ | ★ | ★ | ★ | ★ | ★ | ★ |
| Dec 2020 | Nov 2020 | Oct 2020 | Sep 2020 | Aug 2020 | Jul 2020 | Jun 2020 | May 2020 | Apr 2020 | Mar 2020 | Feb 2020 | Jan 2020 |
| ★ | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Expedia Gro | up Inc EXPE 1 i | May 2025 21:20 | , UTC | | | | | | | | |
| Dec 2025 | Nov 2025 | Oct 2025 | Sep 2025 | Aug 2025 | Jul 2025 | Jun 2025 | May 2025 | Apr 2025 | Mar 2025 | Feb 2025 | Jan 2025 |
| — | — | — | — | — | — | — | ★★★★ | ★★★ | ★★★ | ★★★ | ★★★ |
| Dec 2024 | Nov 2024 | 0ct 2024 | Sep 2024 | Aug 2024 | Jul 2024 | Jun 2024 | May 2024 | Apr 2024 | Mar 2024 | Feb 2024 | Jan 2024 |
| ★★★ | ★★★ | ★★★ | ★★★★ | ★★★ | ★★★★ | ★★★ | ★★★ | ★★★ | ★★★ | ★★★ | ★★★ |
| Dec 2023 | Nov 2023 | 0ct 2023 | Sep 2023 | Aug 2023 | Jul 2023 | Jun 2023 | May 2023 | Apr 2023 | Mar 2023 | Feb 2023 | Jan 2023 |
| ★★★★ | ★★★ | ★★★★ | ★★★★ | ★★★ | ★★★ | ★★★ | ★★★★ | ★★★★ | ★★★★ | ★★★ | ★★★ |
| Dec 2022 | Nov 2022 | 0ct 2022 | Sep 2022 | Aug 2022 | Jul 2022 | Jun 2022 | May 2022 | Apr 2022 | Mar 2022 | Feb 2022 | Jan 2022 |
| ★★★★ | ★★★★ | ★★★★ | ★★★★ | ★★★ | ★★★★ | ★★★★ | ★★★ | ★★★ | ★★★ | ★★★ | ★★★ |
| Dec 2021 | Nov 2021 | 0ct 2021 | Sep 2021 | Aug 2021 | Jul 2021 | Jun 2021 | May 2021 | Apr 2021 | Mar 2021 | Feb 2021 | Jan 2021 |
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| Dec 2020 | Nov 2020 | 0ct 2020 | Sep 2020 | Aug 2020 | Jul 2020 | Jun 2020 | May 2020 | Apr 2020 | Mar 2020 | Feb 2020 | Jan 2020 |
| ★★★ | ★★★ | ★★★★ | ★★★ | ★★★ | ★★★ | ★★★★ | ★★★ | ★★★ | ★★★★ | ★★★★ | ★★★ |
| Booking Hol | dings Inc BKN | G 1 May 2025 2 | 1:22, UTC | | | | | | | | |
| Dec 2025 | Nov 2025 | Oct 2025 | Sep 2025 | Aug 2025 | Jul 2025 | Jun 2025 | May 2025 | Apr 2025 | Mar 2025 | Feb 2025 | Jan 2025 |
| — | — | — | — | — | — | — | ★★★ | ★★★ | ★★★ | ★★★ | ★★★ |
| Dec 2024 | Nov 2024 | 0ct 2024 | Sep 2024 | Aug 2024 | Jul 2024 | Jun 2024 | May 2024 | Apr 2024 | Mar 2024 | Feb 2024 | Jan 2024 |
| ★★ | ★★ | ★★ | ★★★ | ★★★ | ★★★ | ★★★ | ★★★ | ★★★ | ★★★ | ★★★ | ★★★ |
| Dec 2023 | Nov 2023 | 0ct 2023 | Sep 2023 | Aug 2023 | Jul 2023 | Jun 2023 | May 2023 | Apr 2023 | Mar 2023 | Feb 2023 | Jan 2023 |
| ★★★ | ★★★ | ★★★ | ★★★ | ★★★ | ★★★ | ★★★ | ★★★ | ★★★ | ★★★ | ★★★ | ★★★ |
| Dec 2022 | Nov 2022 | 0ct 2022 | Sep 2022 | Aug 2022 | Jul 2022 | Jun 2022 | May 2022 | Apr 2022 | Mar 2022 | Feb 2022 | Jan 2022 |
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| Dec 2020 | Nov 2020 | 0ct 2020 | Sep 2020 | Aug 2020 | Jul 2020 | Jun 2020 | May 2020 | Apr 2020 | Mar 2020 | Feb 2020 | Jan 2020 |
| ★★ | ★★★ | ★★★ | ★★★ | ★★★ | ★★★ | ★★★ | ★★★ | ★★★ | ★★★ | ★★★★ | ★★★ |



| Tripadvisor | r Inc TRIP 1 Ma | y 2025 21:36, U | TC | | | | | | | | |
|------------------|------------------|-----------------|-----------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|
| Dec 2025 — | Nov 2025 — | Oct 2025 — | Sep 2025 — | Aug 2025 — | Jul 2025 — | Jun 2025 — | May 2025 ★★★★ | Apr 2025 ★★★ | Mar 2025 ★★★★ | Feb 2025 ★★★★ | Jan 2025 ★★★ |
| Dec 2024 | Nov 2024 | Oct 2024 | Sep 2024 | Aug 2024 | Jul 2024 | Jun 2024 | May 2024 | Apr 2024 | Mar 2024 | Feb 2024 | Jan 2024 |
| **** | **** | **** | **** | **** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** |
| Dec 2023 ★★★ | Nov 2023 ★★★ | 0ct 2023 ★★★ | Sep 2023 ★★★ | Aug 2023 ★★★★ | Jul 2023 ★★★ | Jun 2023 ★★★ | May 2023 ★★★★ | Apr 2023 ★★★★ | Mar 2023 ★★★★ | Feb 2023 ★★★ | Jan 2023 ★★★ |
| Dec 2022 ★★★★ | Nov 2022 ★★★★ | 0ct 2022 ★★★ | Sep 2022 ★★★ | Aug 2022 ★★★★ | Jul 2022 ★★★★ | Jun 2022 ★★★★ | May 2022 ★★★★ | Apr 2022 ★★★★ | Mar 2022 ★★★★ | Feb 2022 ★★★ | Jan 2022 ★★★★ |
| Dec 2021 ★★★★ | Nov 2021 ★★★★ | 0ct 2021 ★★★ | Sep 2021 ★★★ | Aug 2021 ★★★ | Jul 2021 ★★ | Jun 2021 ★★ | May 2021 ★★ | Apr 2021 ★ | Mar 2021 ★ | Feb 2021 ★ | Jan 2021 ★★★ |
| Dec 2020 | Nov 2020 | Oct 2020 | Sep 2020 | Aug 2020 | Jul 2020 | Jun 2020 | May 2020 | Apr 2020 | Mar 2020 | Feb 2020 | Jan 2020 |
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Overview

At the heart of our valuation system is a detailed projection of a company's future cash flows, resulting from our analysts' research. Analysts create custom industry and company assumptions to feed income statement, balance sheet, and capital investment assumptions into our globally standardized, proprietary discounted cash flow, or DCF, modeling templates. We use scenario analysis, indepth competitive advantage analysis, and a variety of other analytical tools to augment this process. Moreover, we think analyzing valuation through discounted cash flows presents a better lens for viewing cyclical companies, high-growth firms, businesses with finite lives (e.g., mines), or companies expected to generate negative earnings over the next few years. That said, we don't dismiss multiples altogether but rather use them as supporting cross-checks for our DCF-based fair value estimates. We also acknowledge that DCF models offer their own challenges (including a potential proliferation of estimated inputs and the possibility that the method may miss shortterm market-price movements), but we believe these negatives are mitigated by deep analysis and our longterm approach.

Morningstar's equity research group ("we," "our") believes that a company's intrinsic worth results from the future cash flows it can generate. The Morningstar Rating for stocks identifies stocks trading at a discount or premium to their intrinsic worth—or fair value estimate, in Morningstar terminology. Five-star stocks sell for the biggest risk adjusted discount to their fair values, whereas 1-star stocks trade at premiums to their intrinsic worth.

Four key components drive the Morningstar rating: (1) our assessment of the firm's economic moat, (2) our estimate of the stock's fair value, (3) our uncertainty around that fair value estimate and (4) the current market price. This process ultimately culminates in our singlepoint star rating.

1. Economic Moat

The concept of an economic moat plays a vital role not only in our qualitative assessment of a firm's long-term investment potential, but also in the actual calculation of our fair value estimates. An economic moat is a structural feature that allows a firm to sustain excess profits over a long period of time. We define economic profits as re-

turns on invested capital (or ROIC) over and above our estimate of a firm's cost of capital, or weighted average cost of capital (or WACC). Without a moat, profits are more susceptible to competition. We have identified five sources of economic moats: intangible assets, switching costs, network effect, cost advantage, and efficient scale.

Companies with a narrow moat are those we believe are more likely than not to achieve normalized excess returns for at least the next 10 years. Wide-moat companies are those in which we have very high confidence that excess returns will remain for 10 years, with excess returns more likely than not to remain for at least 20 years. The longer a firm generates economic profits, the higher its intrinsic value. We believe low-quality, no-moat companies will see their normalized returns gravitate toward the firm's cost of capital more quickly than companies with moats.

When considering a company's moat, we also assess whether there is a substantial threat of value destruction, stemming from risks related to ESG, industry disruption, financial health, or other idiosyncratic issues. In this context, a risk is considered potentially value destructive if its occurrence would eliminate a firm's economic profit on a cumulative or midcycle basis. If we deem the probability of occurrence sufficiently high, we would not characterize the company as possessing an economic moat.

2. Estimated Fair Value

Combining our analysts' financial forecasts with the firm's economic moat helps us assess how long returns on invested capital are likely to exceed the firm's cost of capital. Returns of firms with a wide economic moat rating are assumed to fade to the perpetuity period over a longer period of time than the returns of narrow-moat firms, and both will fade slower than no-moat firms, increasing our estimate of their intrinsic value.

Our model is divided into three distinct stages:

Stage I: Explicit Forecast

In this stage, which can last five to 10 years, analysts make full financial statement forecasts, including items such as revenue, profit margins, tax rates, changes in workingcapital accounts, and capital spending. Based on these projections, we calculate earnings before interest, after taxes (EBI) and the net new investment (NNI) to de-

rive our annual free cash flow forecast.

Stage II: Fade

The second stage of our model is the period it will take the company's return on new invested capital - the return on capital of the next dollar invested ("RONIC")—to decline (or rise) to its cost of capital. During the Stage II period, we use a formula to approximate cash flows in lieu of explicitly modeling the income statement, balance sheet, and cash flow statement as we do in Stage I. The length of the second stage depends on the strength of the company's economic moat. We forecast this period to last anywhere from one year (for companies with no economic moat) to 10-15 years or more (for wide-moat companies). During this period, cash flows are forecast using four assumptions: an average growth rate for EBI over the period, a normalized investment rate, average return on new invested capital (RONIC), and the number of years until perpetuity, when excess returns cease. The investment rate and return on new invested capital decline until a perpetuity value is calculated. In the case of firms that do not earn their cost of capital, we assume marginal ROICs rise to the firm's cost of capital (usually attributable to less reinvestment), and we may truncate the second stage.

Stage III: Perpetuity

Once a company's marginal ROIC hits its cost of capital, we calculate a continuing value, using a standard perpetuity formula. At perpetuity, we assume that any growth or decline or investment in the business neither creates nor destroys value and that any new investment provides a return in line with estimated WACC.

Because a dollar earned today is worth more than a dollar earned tomorrow, we discount our projections of cash flows in stages I, II, and III to arrive at a total present value of expected future cash flows. Because we are modeling free cash flow to the firm—representing cash available to provide a return to all capital providers—we discount future cash flows using the WACC, which is a weighted average of the costs of equity, debt, and preferred stock (and any other funding sources), using expected future proportionate long-term, market-value weights.

3. Uncertainty Around That Fair Value Estimate

Morningstar's Uncertainty Rating is designed to capture the range of potential outcomes for a company's intrinsic value. This rating is used to assign the margin of safety required before investing, which in turn explicitly drives our stock star rating system. The Uncertainty Rating is aimed at identifying the confidence we should have in assigning a fair value estimate for a given stock.

Our Uncertainty Rating is meant to take into account anything that can increase the potential dispersion of future outcomes for the intrinsic value of a company, and any-

Morningstar Equity Research Star Rating Methodology





thing that can affect our ability to accurately predict these outcomes. The rating begins with a suggested rating produced by a quantitative process based on the trailing 12-month standard deviation of daily stock returns. An analyst overlay is then applied, with analysts using the suggested rating, historical rating data, and their own knowledge of the company to inform them as they make the final Uncertainty Rating decision. Ultimately, the rating decision rests with the analyst. Analysts take into account many characteristics when making their final decision, including cyclical factors, operational and financial factors such as leverage, company-specific events, ESG risks, and anything else that might increase the potential dispersion of future outcomes and our ability to estimate those outcomes.

Our recommended margin of safety — the discount to fair value demanded before we'd recommend buying or selling the stock — widens as our uncertainty of the estimated value of the equity increases. The more uncertain we are about the potential dispersion of outcomes, the greater the discount we require relative to our estimate of the value of the firm before we would recommend the purchase of the shares. In addition, the Uncertainty Rating provides guidance in portfolio construction based on risk tolerance.

Our Uncertainty Ratings are: Low, Medium, High, Very High, and Extreme.

| | Margin of Safety | |
|---|--------------------|--------------|
| Qualitative Analysis Uncertainty Ratings | ★★★★ Rating | ★Rating |
| Low | 20% Discount | 25% Premium |
| Medium | 30% Discount | 35% Premium |
| High | 40% Discount | 55% Premium |
| Very High | 50% Discount | 75% Premium |
| Extreme | 75% Discount | 300% Premium |

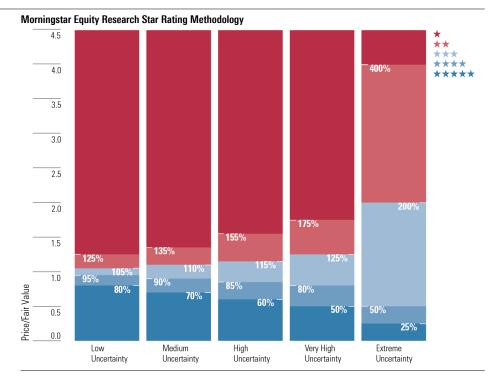
Our uncertainty rating is based on the interquartile range, or the middle 50% of potential outcomes, covering the 25th percentile–75th percentile. This means that when a stock hits 5 stars, we expect there is a 75% chance that the intrinsic value of that stock lies above the current market price. Similarly, when a stock hits 1 star, we expect there is a 75% chance that the intrinsic value of that stock lies below the current market price.

4. Market Price

The market prices used in this analysis and noted in the report come from exchange on which the stock is listed which we believe is a reliable source.

For more details about our methodology, please go to https://shareholders.morningstar.com

Morningstar Star Rating for Stocks



Once we determine the fair value estimate of a stock, we compare it with the stock's current market price on a daily basis, and the star rating is automatically re-calculated at the market close on every day the market on which the stock is listed is open. Our analysts keep close tabs on the companies they follow, and, based on thorough and ongoing analysis, raise or lower their fair value estimates as warranted.

Please note, there is no predefined distribution of stars. That is, the percentage of stocks that earn 5 stars can fluctuate daily, so the star ratings, in the aggregate, can serve as a gauge of the broader market's valuation. When there are many 5-star stocks, the stock market as a whole is more undervalued, in our opinion, than when very few companies garner our highest rating.

We expect that if our base-case assumptions are true the market price will converge on our fair value estimate over time generally within three years (although it is impossible to predict the exact time frame in which market prices may adjust).

Our star ratings are guideposts to a broad audience and individuals must consider their own specific investment goals, risk tolerance, tax situation, time horizon, income needs, and complete investment portfolio, among other factors

The Morningstar Star Ratings for stocks are defined below:

★★★★ We believe appreciation beyond a fair risk ad-

justed return is highly likely over a multiyear time frame. Scenario analysis developed by our analysts indicates that the current market price represents an excessively pessimistic outlook, limiting downside risk and maximizing upside potential.

- ★★★★ We believe appreciation beyond a fair risk-adjusted return is likely.
- ★★★ Indicates our belief that investors are likely to receive a fair risk-adjusted return (approximately cost of equity)
- ★★ We believe investors are likely to receive a less than fair risk-adjusted return.
- ★ Indicates a high probability of undesirable risk-adjusted returns from the current market price over a multiyear time frame, based on our analysis. Scenario analysis by our analysts indicates that the market is pricing in an excessively optimistic outlook, limiting upside potential and leaving the investor exposed to Capital loss.

Other Definitions

Last Price: Price of the stock as of the close of the market of the last trading day before date of the report.

Capital Allocation Rating: Our Capital Allocation (or Stewardship) Rating represents our assessment of the quality of management's capital allocation, with particular emphasis on the firm's balance sheet, investments, and shareholder distributions. Analysts consider compan-



ies' investment strategy and valuation, balance sheet management, and dividend and share buyback policies. Corporate governance factors are only considered if they are likely to materially impact shareholder value, though either the balance sheet, investment, or shareholder distributions. Analysts assign one of three ratings: "Exemplary", "Standard", or "Poor". Analysts judge Capital Allocation from an equity holder's perspective. Ratings are determined on a forward looking and absolute basis. The Standard rating is most common as most managers will exhibit neither exceptionally strong nor poor capital allocation.

Capital Allocation (or Stewardship) analysis published prior to Dec. 9, 2020, was determined using a different process. Beyond investment strategy, financial leverage, and dividend and share buyback policies, analysts also considered execution, compensation, related party transactions, and accounting practices in the rating.

Capital Allocation Rating: Our Capital Allocation (or Stewardship) Rating represents our assessment of the quality of management's capital allocation, with particular emphasis on the firm's balance sheet, investments, and shareholder distributions. Analysts consider companies' investment strategy and valuation, balance sheet management, and dividend and share buyback policies. Corporate governance factors are only considered if they are likely to materially impact shareholder value, though either the balance sheet, investment, or shareholder distributions. Analysts assign one of three ratings: "Exemplary", "Standard", or "Poor". Analysts judge Capital Allocation from an equity holder's perspective. Ratings are determined on a forward looking and absolute basis. The Standard rating is most common as most managers will exhibit neither exceptionally strong nor poor capital allocation.

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Sustainalytics ESG Risk Rating Assessment: The ESG Risk Rating Assessment is provided by Sustainalytics; a Morningstar company.

Sustainalytics' ESG Risk Ratings measure the degree to which company's economic value at risk is driven by environment, social and governance (ESG) factors.

Sustainalytics analyzes over 1,300 data points to assess a company's exposure to and management of ESG risks. In other words, ESG Risk Ratings measures a company's unmanaged ESG Risks represented as a quantitative score. Unmanaged Risk is measured on an open-ended scale

starting at zero (no risk) with lower scores representing less unmanaged risk and, for 95% of cases, the unmanaged ESG Risk score is below 50.

Based on their quantitative scores, companies are grouped into one of five Risk Categories (negligible, low, medium, high, severe). These risk categories are absolute, meaning that a 'high risk' assessment reflects a comparable degree of unmanaged ESG risk across all subindustries covered.

The ESG Risk Rating Assessment is a visual representation of Sustainalytics ESG Risk Categories on a 1 to 5 scale. Companies with Negligible Risk = 5 Globes, Low Risk = 4, Medium Risk = 3 Globes, High Risk = 2 Globes, Severe Risk = 1 Globe. For more information, please visit sustainalytics.com/esg-ratings/

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